





# ZYMAFLORE® KHIOMP

Non-Saccharomyces yeast Metschnikowia pulcherrima for the BIOProtection of white and rosé musts or grapes during long pre-fermentation phases at low temperatures.

Selected Active Dry Yeast (ADY), non GMO, for oenological use. Suitable for the preparation of products intended for direct human consumption, in the scope of regulated use in oenology. Complies with Commission Regulation (EU) 2019/934.

## SPECIFIC CHARACTERISTICS AND OENOLOGICAL PROPERTIES

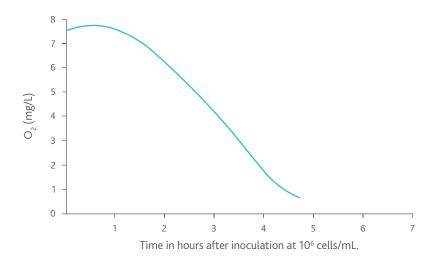
*Metschnikowia pulcherrima* strain resulting from mass selection for **BIO**Protection. **ZYMAFLORE® KHIO**<sup>MP</sup> was selected from indigenous grape flora for its ability to colonise the medium at low temperature (cold stabulation) and during long pre-fermentation phases.

Study results have validated the **BIO**Protection effect of this preparation:

- Colonisation of the medium at low temperature and maintenance of the population at very low temperature (0°C 32°F).
- · Protection of the must against oxidation due to its strong capacity to consume dissolved oxygen.
- Selected for its very low fermentation capacity, **ZYMAFLORE**® **KHIO**<sup>MP</sup> is particularly suitable for the **BIO**Protection of musts and grapes during long pre-fermentation phases at low temperature (ex: stabulation).
- · Limitation of the predominance of potentially undesirable indigenous microorganisms.
- Compatible with the strain of Saccharomyces cerevisiae selected for the alcoholic fermentation.

# **EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS**

Change in dissolved oxygen in a must in the presence of **ZYMAFLORE® KHIO**<sup>MP</sup>. O<sub>2</sub> consumption results.



**ZYMAFLORE® KHIO**<sup>MP</sup> helps to protect against oxidation by quickly consuming all the dissolved oxygen in the must.

MORE BIOPROTECT project, 2021 - Windholtz, S., Masneuf-Pomarède, I., Nioi, C.



## CHEMICAL AND MICROBIOLOGICAL ANALYSES

Humidity (%)< 8
Viable SADY cells (CFU/g) $\geq 10^{10}$
Lactic acid bacteria (CFU/g) < 10 <sup>5</sup>
Acetic acid bacteria (CFU/g) < 10 <sup>4</sup>
Yeasts of a different genus, species or strain (%)< 5
Coliforms (CFU/g) < 10 <sup>2</sup>
<i>E. Coli</i> (/g)none

Staphylococcus (/g)none
Salmonella (/25 g )none
Moulds (CFU/g)
Lead (ppm)< 2
Arsenic (ppm)< 3
Mercury (ppm) < 1
Cadmium (ppm) < 1

## PROTOCOL FOR USE

## DOSE

Recommended dose: 2 - 5 g/hL.

Increase the dose to 5 g/hL in the case of very low temperatures (temperature below 4°C), non-rehydration or high microbiological pressure (red grapes, etc.).

## **ADDITION**

Add **ZYMAFLORE**® **KHIO**<sup>MP</sup> directly to white or red grapes or must (healthy grapes), rehydrated or not.

- Without rehydration, sprinkle **ZYMAFLORE**® **KHIO**<sup>MP</sup> directly on grapes or must.
- With rehydration, follow the yeast rehydration protocol (see label).

The total preparation time for the starter should not exceed 6 hours.

Thoroughly mix the tank after adding the yeast.

Inoculate with Saccharomyces cerevisiae (usual dose) to ensure complete alcoholic fermentation.

# STORAGE RECOMMENDATION

# **PACKAGING**

- Store off the ground in the original unopened packaging in a cool (2 10°C) and dry area not liable to impart odours.
- 500 g vacuum bag.

• Optimal date of use: 2 years.



