

Safety Data Sheet

according to Regulation (EU) 2015/830 Date of issue: 15/05/2020 Revision date: 15/05/2020 Version: 1.0

roduct form	: Mixture
ade name	: POLYMUST® NATURE
pe of product	: For œnological use
roduct group	: Trade product
.2. Relevant identified uses of the subst	ance or mixture and uses advised against
2.1. Relevant identified uses	
lain use category	: Professional use
ndustrial/Professional use spec	: For professional users only
se of the substance/mixture	: Non-allergenic preparation based on plant protein, sodium bentonite and calcium bentonite, intended for fining musts and wines
se of the substance/mixture	: For œnological use
2.2. Uses advised against	
o additional information available	
.3. Details of the supplier of the safety of	lata sheet
lanufacturer	Distributor
AFFORT FRANCE	LAFFORT USA
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3072 BORDEAUX CEDEX - FRANCE	SUITE C
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fo@laffort.com - <u>www.laffort.com</u>	T +1 (707) 775 4530 laffortusa@laffort.com - www.laffortusa.com
istributor	Distributor
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istributor	Distributor
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.P. PER CASTELNUOVO SCRIVIA S.N.C.	TXIRRITA MALEO 12 APTDO 246
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istributor	Distributor
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ARCELA 233, LOTE 2,	23 BURWOOD AVENUE
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1.4. Emergency telephone number				
Country	Organisation/Company	Address	Emergency number	Comment
Australia	NSW Poisons Information Centre	The Children's Hospital at Westmead Locked Bag 4001 NSW 2145 Westmead	13 11 26 +56 2 2 247 3600	
Canada	Ontario Poison Centre (OPC)	The Hospital for Sick Children 555 University Avenue ON M5G 1X8 Toronto	1-800-268-9017 (416) 813-5900	
Canada	BC Drug and Poison Information Centre (DPIC)	655 West 12th Avenue BC V5Z 4R4 Vancouver	1-800-567-8911 (604) 682-5050	
China	National Poison Control Center	Chinese Center for Disease Control and Prevention Nanwei road, No.29 100050 Beijing	+86 10 831 32 046	
Croatia	Centar za kontrolu otrovanja Institut za medicinska istraživanja i medicinu rada	Ksaverska Cesta 2 p.p. 291 10000 Zagreb	+385 1 234 8342	
Czech Republic	Toxikologické informační středisko Klinika pracovního lékařství VFN a 1. LF UK	Na Bojišti 1 120 00 Praha 2	+420 224 919 293 +420 224 915 402	
Georgia	National Toxicology Information Advisory Center	Tbilisi State Medical University Department of Toxicology - 7 Asatiani St. 380 077 Tbilisi	+995 99 533320	
Greece	Poisons Information Centre Children's Hospital P&A Kyriakou	11762 Athens	+30 2 10 779 3777	
Hungary	Országos Kémiai Biztonsági Intézet Egészségügyi Toxikológiai Tájékoztató Szolgálat	Nagyvárad tér 2. 1437 Budapest, Pf. 839 1097 Budapest	+36 80 20 11 99	
Israel	Israel Poison Information Center Rambam Health Care Campus	6 Ha'Aliya Street 31096 Haifa	+972 4 854 1900	
Japan	Japan Poison Information Center	Tsukuba Medical Center 1-1-1 Amakubo 305-0005 Tsukuba City, Ibaraki	+81-29-856-3566 +81-72-727-2499	
Malta	Medicines & Poisons Info Office	Mater Dei Hospital MSD Msida	+356 2545 6504	
New Zealand	National Poisons Centre	Dunedin School of Medicine, University of Otago PO Box 913 9054 Dunedin	0800 764 766 +56 2 2 247 3600	
Poland	National Poisons Information Centre The Nofer Institute of Occupational Medicine (Łódź)	ul. Teresy 8 P.O. BOX 199 90950 Łódź	+48 42 63 14 724	
Romania	Department of Clinical Toxicology Spitalul de Urgenta Floreasca	Calea Floreasca Bucuresti	+40 21 230 8000	
Russia	Информационно-консультативный центр по токсикология (RTIAC) Министерство здравоохранения Российской Федерации	3 Сухаревская Площадь Блок 7 129090 г. Москва	+7 495 628 1687 (только на русском)	
Slovenia	Center za klinično toksikologijo in farmakologijo Interna klinika, UKCL	Zaloška cesta 7 1525 Ljubljana	+386 41 650 500	
South Africa	Tygerberg Poison Information Centre	Division of Clinical Pharmacology Faculty of Medicine and Heath Sciences Stellenbosch University - PO Box 241 8 000 Cape Town	0861 555 777 +56 2 2 247 3600	
Turkey	Ulusal Zehir Merkezi (UZEM) Refik Saydam Hıfzısıhha Merkezi Başkanlığı	Cemal Gürsel Cd. No: 18 Sıhhiye Çankaya 6590 Ankara	114	Information is provided to public and medical personnel on poisoning incidents via 114.

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United Kingdom	Guy's & St Thomas' Poisons Unit Medical Toxicology Unit, Guy's & St Thomas' Hospital Trust	Avonley Road SE14 5ER London	+44 20 7188 7188	
United States of	American Association of Poison	515 King St., Suite 510	1-800-222-1222	
America	Control Centers	VA 22314 Alexandria	+56 2 2 247 3600	

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP] Not classified

Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

This product does not meet the criteria for classification as hazardous as defined in the Regulation EC 1272/2008. Depending on the type of handling and use (e.g. grinding, drying), airborne respirable crystalline silica may be generated. Prolonged and/or massive inhalation of respirable crystalline silica dust may cause lung fibrosis, commonly referred to as silicosis.

Principal symptoms of silicosis are cough and breathlessness. Occupational exposure to respirable crystalline silica dust should be monitored and controlled.

#### 2.2. Label elements

According to EC directives or the corresponding national regulations there is no labelling obligation for this product. No labelling applicable

## 2.3. Other hazards

Other hazards not contributing to the classification

: HSE MDHS101/2 - Crystalline silica in respirable airborne dusts. Dust of the product, if present, may cause respiratory irritation after an excessive inhalation exposure.

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

## 3.1. Substances

Not applicable

**3.2.** Mixtures

This mixture does not contain any substances to be mentioned according to the criteria of section 3.2 of REACH annex II

SECTION 4: First aid measures 4.1. Description of first aid measures	
First-aid measures general	: If symptoms persist call a doctor.
First-aid measures after inhalation	: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If symptoms persist, call a physician.
First-aid measures after skin contact	: After contact with skin, wash immediately and thoroughly with water and soap. Apply emollient cream. If symptoms persist, call a physician.
First-aid measures after eye contact	: In case of eye contact, immediately rinse with clean water for 10-15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
First-aid measures after ingestion	: If swallowed, rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a poison center or a doctor if you feel unwell.
4.2. Most important symptoms and ef	fects, both acute and delayed
Symptoms/effects	: More detailed information: See section 11.
Symptoms/effects after inhalation	: Dust of the product, if present, may cause respiratory irritation after an excessive inhalation exposure. Breathing crystalline silica dust for long periods can damage your lungs. Crystalline silica (cristobalite) is a known cause of silicosis, a progressive, sometimes fatal lung disease.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures 5.1. Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: If there is a fire close by, use suitable extinguishing agents. carbon dioxide (CO2), powder, alcohol-resistant foam, water spray.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
5.2. Special hazards arising from the subs	stance or mixture
Explosion hazard	: No direct explosion hazard.
Hazardous decomposition products in case of fire	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. Toxic fumes may be released. Carbon oxides (CO, CO2). Nitrogen oxides.
5.3. Advice for firefighters	
Firefighting instructions	: Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Prevent fire fighting water from entering the environment.
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Protection during firefighting : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Self-contained breathing apparatus. Complete protective clothing. Other information : Do not contaminate ground and surface water. Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations. SECTION 6: Accidental release measures 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures General measures : Ensure adequate air ventilation. 6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel : Wear recommended personal protective equipment. Protective equipment

: Avoid dust formation.

## Measures in case of dust release 6.1.2. For emergency responders

**Emergency procedures** 

**Protective equipment** : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection". 6.2. Environmental precautions

: Evacuate area. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Avoid breathing dust. Ventilate spillage area.

#### Do not flush into surface water or sewer system. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters. 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up Methods for cleaning up : Dust deposited may be vacuum cleaned or the area hosed down with water. Mechanically recover the product. Contain leaking substance, pump over in suitable containers. Clean contaminated surfaces with an excess of water. Other information : Dispose of materials or solid residues at an authorized site. Do not allow to enter drains or water courses. 6.4. Reference to other sections

Concerning personal protective equipment to use, see section 8. For further information refer to section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage	
7.1. Precautions for safe handling	
Precautions for safe handling	: Avoid dust formation. Ensure good ventilation of the work station. Local exhaust is recommended where dust may occur. Where excessive dust may result, use approved respiratory protection equipment. Store tightly closed in a dry and cool place. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Wear recommended personal protective equipment.
Hygiene measures	: Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Always wash hands after handling the product.
7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any	/ incompatibilities
Technical measures	: Store in original container.
Storage conditions	: Store in a dry, cool place. Keep out of direct sunlight. Keep in a well-ventilated room. Keep container tightly closed to prevent moisture pick-up.
Incompatible products	: Odour agents.
Heat and ignition sources	: Keep away from ignition sources (including static discharges).
7.3. Specific end use(s)	

For œnological use.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection
8.1. Control parameters
No additional information available
8.2. Exposure controls
Appropriate engineering controls:
Ensure good ventilation of the work station. Avoid dust formation. Ensure the ventilation system is regularly maintained and tested.
Personal protective equipment:
Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8.
Materials for protective clothing:
Antistatic clothing. EN 340. EN 1149

#### Hand protection:

In case of excessive dust production. In case of repeated or prolonged contact wear gloves

#### Eye protection:

Use splash goggles when eye contact due to splashing is possible. Safety glasses

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Туре	Use	Characteristics	Standard
Safety glasses	Dust		EN 166
Skin and body protection:			
Wear suitable protective clothing. Long sleeved protective clothing			
Respiratory protection:			
Use engineering controls to keep exposure	below the OEL or DNEL. Where excessive dus	t may result use approved respiratory protect	ion equipment. Wear suitable respiratory

Use engineering controls to keep exposures below the OEL or DNEL. Where excessive dust may result, use approved respiratory protection equipment. Wear suitable respiratory equipment in case of insufficient ventilation. Appropriate dust or mist respirator should be used if airborne particles are generated when handling this material. EN 149. Wear a half mask respirator with type P2L filter or better

### Environmental exposure controls:

Do not allow into drains or water courses. Avoid release to the environment.

#### Other information:

Do not eat, drink or smoke during work. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties		
9.1. Information on basic physical and cher		
Physical state	: Solid	
Appearance	: Powder.	
Colour	: Beige.	
Odour	: Product (article) characteristics.	
Odour threshold	: No data available	
рН	: No data available	
Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1)	: No data available	
Melting point	: No data available	
Freezing point	: Not applicable	
Boiling point	: No data available	
Flash point	: Not applicable	
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not applicable	
Decomposition temperature	: No data available	
Flammability (solid, gas)	: No data available	
Vapour pressure	: No data available	
Relative vapour density at 20 °C	: No data available	
Relative density	: Not applicable	
Solubility	: partly soluble.	
Log Pow	: No data available	
Viscosity, kinematic	: No data available	
Viscosity, dynamic	: No data available	
Explosive properties	: Not explosive.	
Oxidising properties	: No data available	
Explosive limits	: Not applicable	
9.2. Other information		
No additional information available		
SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity		

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity
10.1. Reactivity
The product is non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
10.2. Chemical stability
Stable under normal conditions.
10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions
No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.
10.4. Conditions to avoid
Avoid dust formation. Heat. flames or sparks. Moisture.
10.5. Incompatible materials
Oxidation agents.
10.6. Hazardous decomposition products
Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. See Heading 5.

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information	
11.1. Information on toxicological effects	
Acute toxicity (oral)	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Acute toxicity (dermal)	: No data available, however by analogy, this product is considered to be slightly irritating to the skin (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Acute toxicity (inhalation)	: May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Serious eye damage/irritation	: May cause eye-irritation of susceptible persons (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	: Did not cause sensitisation (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Carcinogenicity	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
STOT-single exposure	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
STOT-repeated exposure	<ul> <li>Prolonged and/or massive exposure to respirable crystalline silica-containing dust may cause silicosis, a nodular pulmonary fibrosis caused by deposition in the lungs of fine respirable particles of crystalline silica. In 1997, IARC (the International Agency for Research on Cancer) concluded that crystalline silica inhaled from occupational sources can cause lung cancer in humans. However it pointed out that not all industrial circumstances, nor all crystalline silica types, were to be incriminated. (IARC Monographs on the evaluation of the carcinogenic risks of chemicals to humans, Silica, silicates dust and organic fibres, 1997, Vol. 68, IARC, Lyon, France.)</li> <li>In June 2003, SCOEL (the EU Scientific Committee on Occupational Exposure Limits) concluded that the main effect in humans of the inhalation of respirable crystalline silica dust is silicosis. "There is sufficient information to conclude that the relative risk of lung cancer is increased in persons with silicosis (and, apparently, not in employees without silicosis exposed to silica dust in quarries and in the ceramic industry). Therefore preventing the onset of silicosis will also reduce the cancer risk" (SCOEL SUM Doc 94-final, June 2003). So there is a body of evidence supporting the fact that increased cancer risk would be limited to people already suffering from silicosis. Worker protection against silicosis should be assured by respecting the existing regulatory occupational exposure limits and implementing additional risk management measures where required.</li> </ul>
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
SECTION 12: Ecological information	
12.1. Toxicity	: Ecological problems are not known or expected under normal use. High concentration in water may cause long-
Ecology - general	term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
Ecology - water	: not toxic to water organisms. Poorly soluble in water.
Acute aquatic toxicity	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Chronic aquatic toxicity	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
12.2. Persistence and degradability	
POLYMUST® NATURE	
Persistence and degradability	Not relevant.
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential	
POLYMUST® NATURE	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not relevant.
12.4. Mobility in soil	
POLYMUST® NATURE	
Ecology - soil	practically insoluble. Low mobility (soil).
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	
No additional information available 12.6. Other adverse effects	
12.0. Other adverse effects Other adverse effects	· No other offeets / noun
	: No other effects known.
Additional information	: Do not allow to enter drains or water courses
	: Do not allow to enter drains or water courses

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Naste treatment methods	: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with licensed collector's sorting instructions. Avoid dust
Product/Packaging disposal recommendations	formation. Recycling is preferred to disposal or incineration. : Empty remaining contents. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with licensed collector's sorting instructions.
Ecology - waste materials	: Avoid release to the environment.
SECTION 14: Transport information	
n accordance with ADR / RID / IMDG / IATA / ADN	
14.1. UN number	
JN-No. (ADR)	: Not regulated
JN-No. (IMDG)	: Not regulated
JN-No. (IATA)	: Not regulated
JN-No. (ADN)	: Not regulated
JN-No. (RID)	: Not regulated
14.2. UN proper shipping name	
Proper Shipping Name (ADR)	: Not regulated
Proper Shipping Name (IMDG)	: Not regulated
Proper Shipping Name (IATA)	: Not regulated
Proper Shipping Name (ADN)	: Not regulated
Proper Shipping Name (RID)	: Not regulated
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	
ADR	
Fransport hazard class(es) (ADR)	: Not regulated
	. Not regulated
MDG	. Nature stated
Fransport hazard class(es) (IMDG)	: Not regulated
ATA	
Fransport hazard class(es) (IATA)	: Not regulated
ADN	
Fransport hazard class(es) (ADN)	: Not regulated
RID	
Fransport hazard class(es) (RID)	: Not regulated
14.4. Packing group	
Packing group (ADR)	: Not regulated
Packing group (IMDG)	: Not regulated
Packing group (IATA)	: Not regulated
Packing group (ADN)	: Not regulated
Packing group (RID)	: Not regulated
14.5. Environmental hazards	
Dangerous for the environment	: No
Marine pollutant	: No
Other information	: No supplementary information available
L4.6. Special precautions for user	
Iverland transport	
lot regulated	
ransport by sea	
ransport by sea lot regulated	
lir transport	
lot regulated	
nland waterway transport	
Not regulated	
Rail transport	
Not regulated	
14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II	of Marpol and the IBC Code
Not applicable	

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## SECTION 15: Regulatory information 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

### 15.1.1. EU-Regulations

Contains no REACH substances with Annex XVII restrictions

Contains no substance on the REACH candidate list

Contains no REACH Annex XIV substances

Contains no substance subject to REGULATION (EU) No 649/2012 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of hazardous chemicals.

Contains no substance subject to Regulation (EU) No 2019/1021 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 June 2019 on persistent organic pollutants

### 15.1.2. National regulations

#### Germany

#### Reference to A

Reference to AwSV	: Water hazard class (WGK) 3, Highly hazardous to water (Classification according to AwSV, Annex 1)
12th Ordinance Implementing the Federal Immission Control Act - 12.BImSchV	: Is not subject of the 12. BlmSchV (Hazardous Incident Ordinance)
Netherlands	
SZW-lijst van kankerverwekkende stoffen	: None of the components are listed
SZW-lijst van mutagene stoffen	: None of the components are listed
NIET-limitatieve lijst van voor de voortplanting giftige stoffen – Borstvoeding	: None of the components are listed
NIET-limitatieve lijst van voor de voortplanting giftige stoffen – Vruchtbaarheid	: None of the components are listed
NIET-limitatieve lijst van voor de voortplanting giftige stoffen – Ontwikkeling	: None of the components are listed
Denmark	
Danish National Regulations	: Pregnant/breastfeeding women working with the product must not be in direct contact with the product The requirements from the Danish Working Environment Authorities regarding work with carcinogens must be followed during use and disposal

### **15.2.** Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out

SECTION 16: Other information		
Indication of changes:	cation of changes:	
Revision - See : *.		
Other information	: Workers must be informed of the presence of crystalline silica and trained in the proper use and handling of this product as required under applicable regulations. A multi-sectoral social dialogue agreement on Workers Health Protection through the Good Handling and Use of Crystalline Silica and Products Containing it was signed on 25 April 2006. This autonomous agreement, which receives the European Commission's financial support, is based on a Good Practices Guide. The requirements of the Agreement came into force on 25 October 2006. The Agreement was published in the Official Journal of the European Union (2006/C 279/02). The text of the Agreement and its annexes, including the Good Practices Guide, are available from http://www.nepsi.eu and provide useful information and guidance for the handling of products containing respirable crystalline silica. Literature references are available on request from EUROSIL, the European Association of Industrial Silica Producers.	

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.